

if_ovpn

OpenVPN Data Channel Offload

OpenVPN

- VPN (No, really!)
- Originally developed by James Yonan
 - First release May 13th, 2001
- p2p, client/server
- pre-shared key, certificate or username/password based authentication
- Windows, Linux, macOS, Android, AIX, FreeBSD, OpenBSD, DragonflyBSD, ...

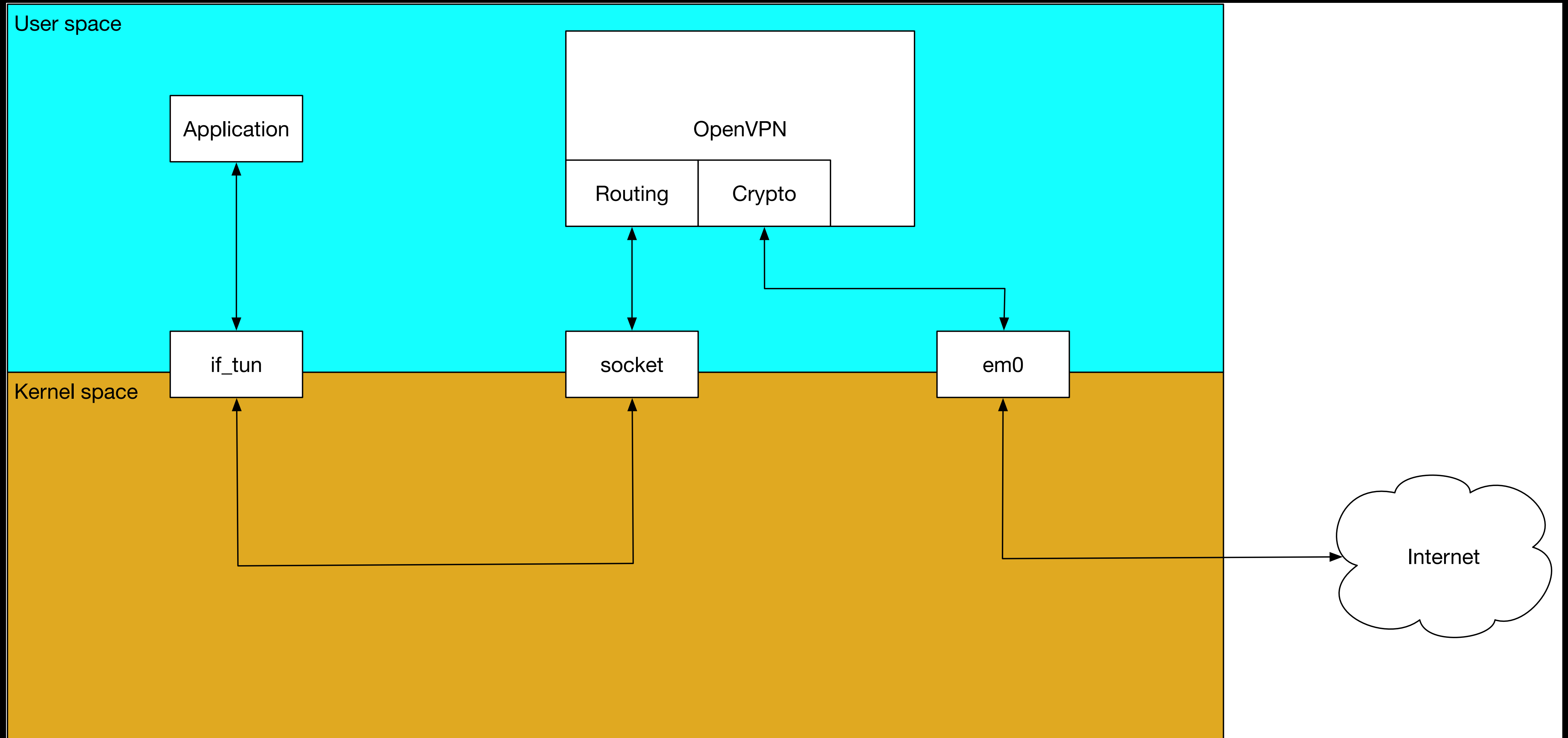
The problem

- It's slow

The problem

- It's slow
 - Because user space

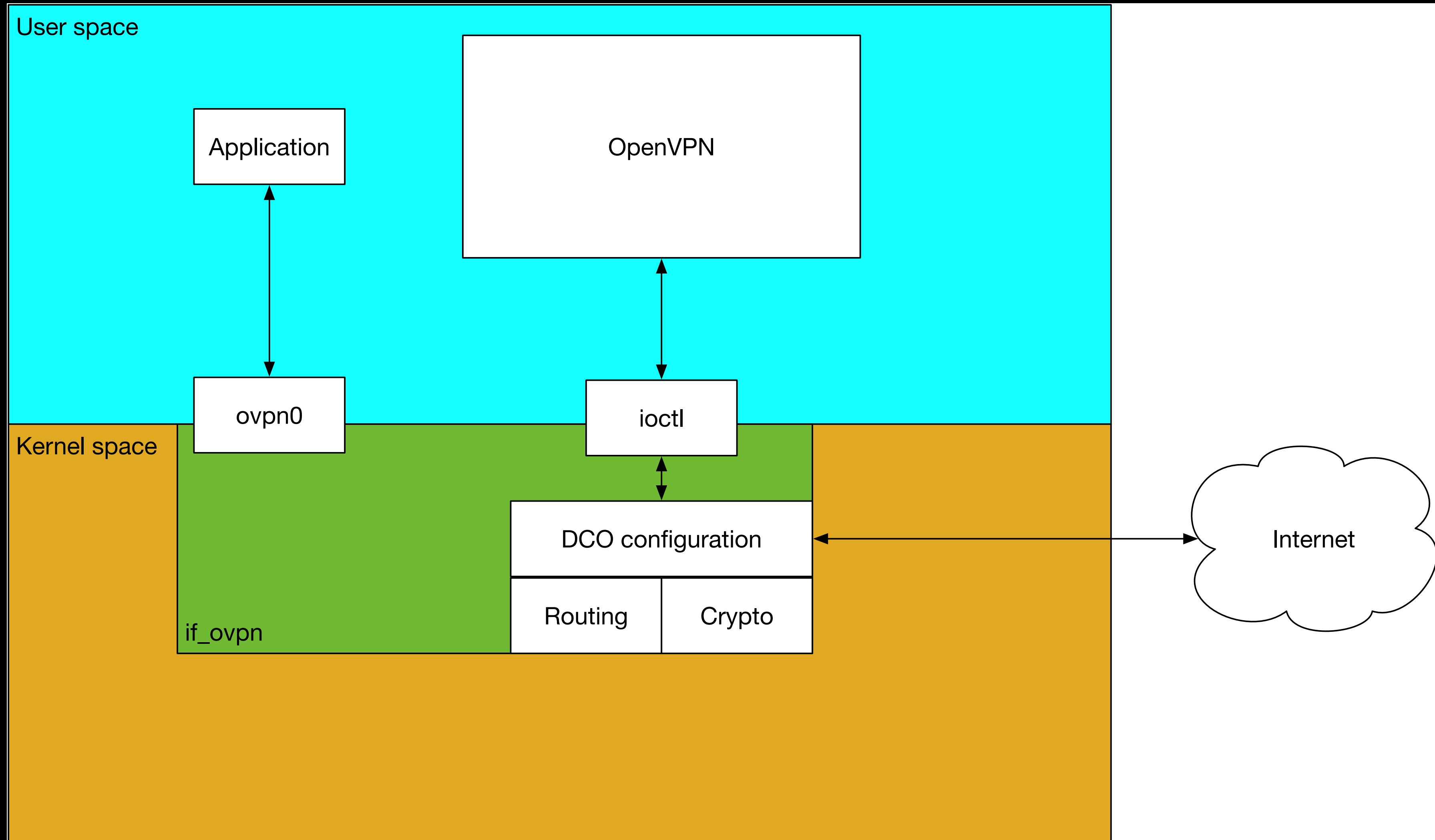
The problem



What is DCO

- Data Channel Offload
 - i.e. data channel in the kernel
- if_ovpn
- No more (extra) copying between user and kernel space
- Also, hardware accelerators!
 - (Although user space already got AES-NI, which is the one you have)

DCO



Limitations

- Only AES-GCM or ChaCha20/Poly1305
- No
 - Compression
 - Fragmentation
 - Layer 2
 - Topologies other than subnet
 - Traffic shaping (in OpenVPN)
- OpenVPN used this as an opportunity for a clean break
 - Clients must be OpenVPN 2.4 or greater

Considerations

- UDP vs. TCP
- Multiplexing socket
- Locking
- loctl
 - nvlist
- Routing
- Key rotation
- vnet

UDP vs. TCP

- OpenVPN supports tunnels over TCP
 - Because firewalls
- FreeBSD's `if_ovpn` is UDP-only
 - We didn't care enough about TCP
 - No equivalent to ``udp_set_kernel_tunneling()`` for TCP

Multiplexing

- Control channel (userspace) vs. data channel (kernel)
 - Share a single socket
 - fd passed to kernel during setup
 - Kernel passes unknown (i.e. control) packets to userspace
 - One of the few network stack modification required

Locking design

- `rm_lock`
 - Read-lock when processing incoming or outgoing packets
 - Write-lock for configuration changes
 - Exceptions
 - Counters
 - Replay protection

ioctl

- Configuration interface
- Using nvlists for extensibility
- Linux uses netlink
 - We have netlink too
 - Now
 - Netlink landed after this work

Routing

- Tunnels are not a broadcast domain
 - Need to work out which peer to send to
 - Second routing lookup based on destination IP of the tunneled packet
 - ``ovpn_route_peer()``
 - Special case
 - Only one client

Key rotation

- Handled (mostly) by userspace
 - Negotiation (userspace)
 - Install new key with `OVPN_NEW_KEY` cmd
 - Switch over with `OVPN_SWAP_KEYS`
 - Each packet contains a key id
 - No traffic disruption
 - Remove old key with `OVPN_DEL_KEY`

vnet

- Not a required feature
- But so, so good for testing
 - `/usr/tests/sys/net/if_ovpn`

Performance

- Tested on a Netgate 4100
 - Intel® Atom® C3338R with QAT, 2-core @ 1.8 GHz

if_tun (AES-NI)	207.3 Mbit/s
DCO Software	213.1 Mbit/s
DCO AES-NI	751.2 Mbit/s
DCO QAT	1,064.8 Mbit/s

Where can I get this?

- OpenVPN 2.6.0
 - Released January 26th 2023
- FreeBSD 14.0
 - Also Linux and Windows
 - But you don't care
- pfSense+ 22.05
 - Released 27/06/2022

Thank You

© Copyright 2002 – 2023 Rubicon Communications, LLC
Netgate is a registered trademark of Rubicon Communications, LLC
pfSense is a registered trademark of Electric Sheep Fencing, LLC
Other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Questions?

Kristof Provost
kp@FreeBSD.org
@kp@bsd.network