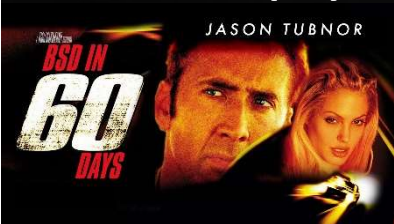


ICT Senior Security Lead
Latrobe Community Health Service Ltd.



Introduction

- Use of BSD in the NFP/NGO Australian Health Sector
 - About Me
 - My employer, Latrobe Community Health Service (LCHS)
- iked(8), pf(4)
- ripd(8), Squid, spamd(8), rdomain(4), vxlan(4)
- Documentation, performance testing
- zfs(8), bhyve(8) and other cool stuff™



About Me

- 24 Years of ICT experience
- Introduced to Open Source in the mid 90's
- Hey, check out this OpenBSD operating system in 2000
- A user of OpenBSD and FreeBSD since '00 to present
- Cycle road racing
 - Twitter: @Tubsta
 - Email: jason@tubnor.net



About LCHS

- Originally a Gippsland based NFP/NGO health service
- ICT manages 500+ users
- Servicing 12 sites growing to 49 sites over the next 3-6 months
- Covering 102,000km²
- Which is the size of the state of Kentucky, USA



Bridge the office

- Newly acquired contract to run Headspace Morwell
- Management were welcoming to new ideas
- Problem: Bridge two networks over public Internet
- Short timeframe for implementation



OpenBSD IKEv2 – ikev2(8)

- Investigated multiple solutions
- OpenBSD ikev2(8) implementation won due to simplicity
- Enabled connectivity to the server VLAN in 2 lines of ikev2(8) configuration



OpenBSD IKEv2 – iked(8) cont.

- Problems:
 - Expiration of certificates
 - NAT – use static-port with nat-to when behind a pf(8) firewall
 - Rekeying at 3hr/512MB caused issues with established connections
 - VMWare DRS and OpenBSD don't play well together



OpenBSD IKEv2 – iked(8) cont.

- Overall:
 - Solved the problem out of the box
 - Super simple to configure and maintain
 - Authentication mechanisms are easy
 - Integrates well with pf(8)
 - Bullet proof – works like an appliance
 - Worked so good, highly recommended over commercial offerings
 - Management were happy with the results



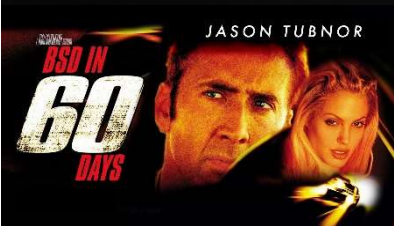
Network Migration

- Departed ways with our outsourced network provider
- New challenges
- Network provider had been already chosen to provide Internet & MPLS services
- Hardware refresh for LAN gear was in scope



Network Migration – cont.

- Selecting a routing protocol – RIPv2 or EIGRP
- We chose RIPv2
- As of OpenBSD 6.1, ripd(8) plays nicely in rdomain(4)
- But why RIP?



Network Migration – cont.

```
1  fib-update yes
2  redistribute default
3  split-horizon poisoned
4  triggered-updates yes
5
6  interface bge0 {
7  }
8
9  interface bge1 {
10     ..... passive
11 }
```



Primary External Gateway

- We chose OpenBSD with pf(4)
- Why not choose pfsense or FreeBSD with pf(4)?
- Integrates nicely with RIPv2 using only base



Primary External Gateway – cont.

- pf(4) was configured to block by default
- Matching against traffic type to a /28
- pf(4) tables for blocking of ips and subnets
 - also turning on and off the guest WiFi networks
- Queuing and traffic shaping
- Very durable, bare metal host barely showing signs of load on 8 core Xeon



Primary External Gateway – cont.

- To compliment:
 - Squid Proxy
 - Didn't break HTTPS traffic
 - Used Squid Blacklist
 - Spamd(8)
 - Keeps the bulk of spam from overwhelming the Spam Assassin server



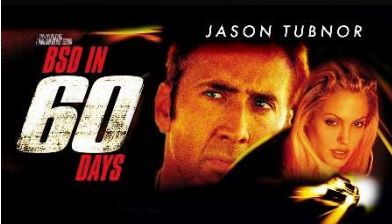
Moving beyond the boundary

- Mail Ingress
 - OpenSMTPD – spamd(8)
 - Spam Assassin
 - ClamAV



Backing up the shiny

- Initially an OpenBSD system simply to backup tftp configs from switches
- Moved to FreeBSD for ZFS (snapshot, send/recv)
- Atftp used as the TFTP daemon
- Sshd_config needed modification, using Match for Call Manager ssh backups
- Zfssnap2 and zxfer used for management and transfer to DR site



Backing up the shiny – cont.

- Benefits:
 - Easy to pull individual files from a point in time
 - Helped when we had to review mail volumes
 - Simplistic



Documentation

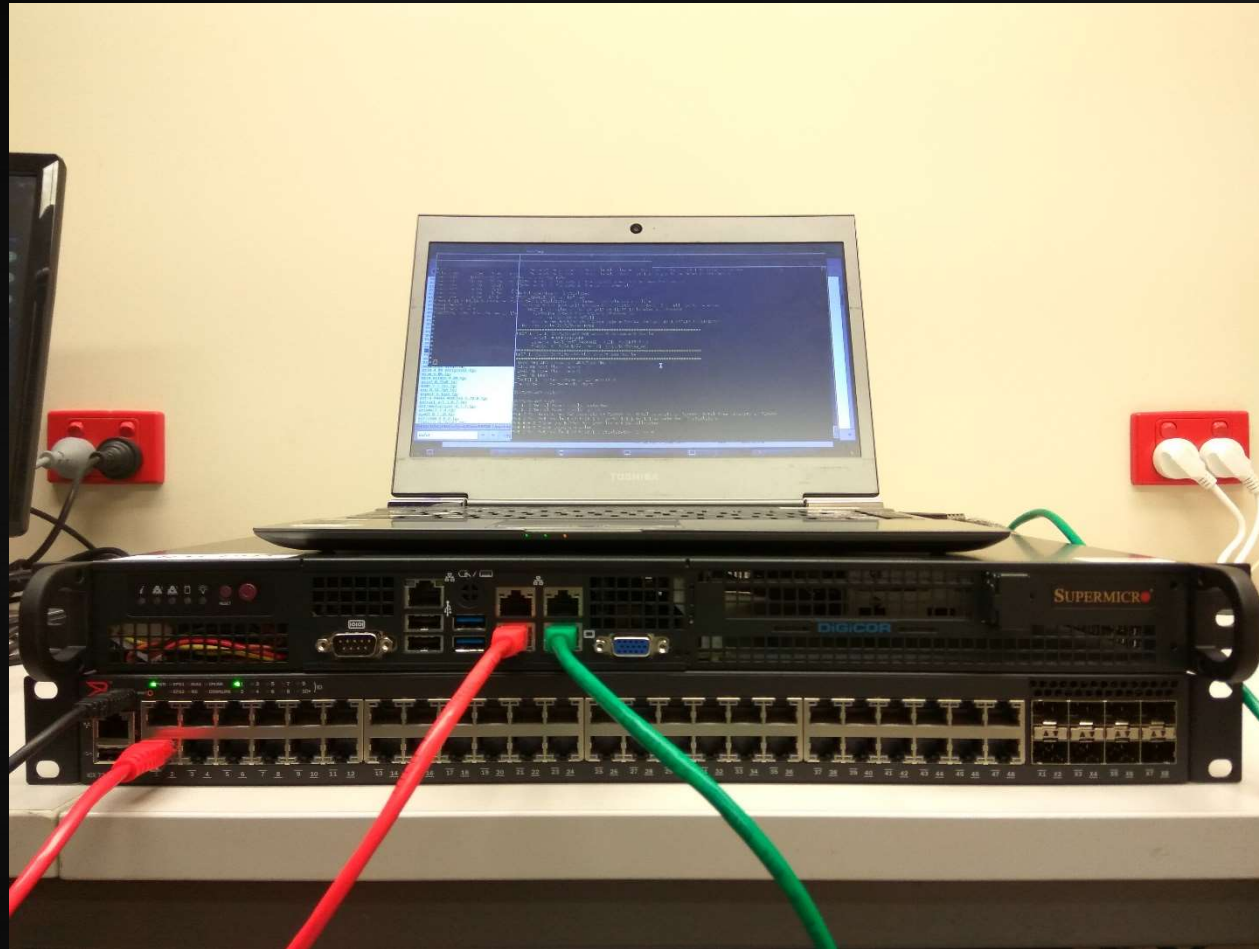
- Need for online and offline documentation
- A learning tool for team members to understand BSD
- OpenBSD virtual instance running Mediawiki
- OpenBSD physical instance in DR
- Custom scripts run daily to sync and update the DB nightly



Super Duper
Extra Special
Bonus Section



Project Point.5

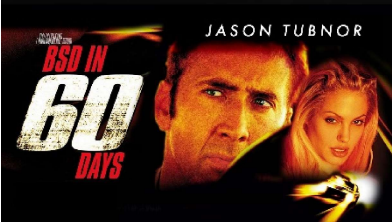
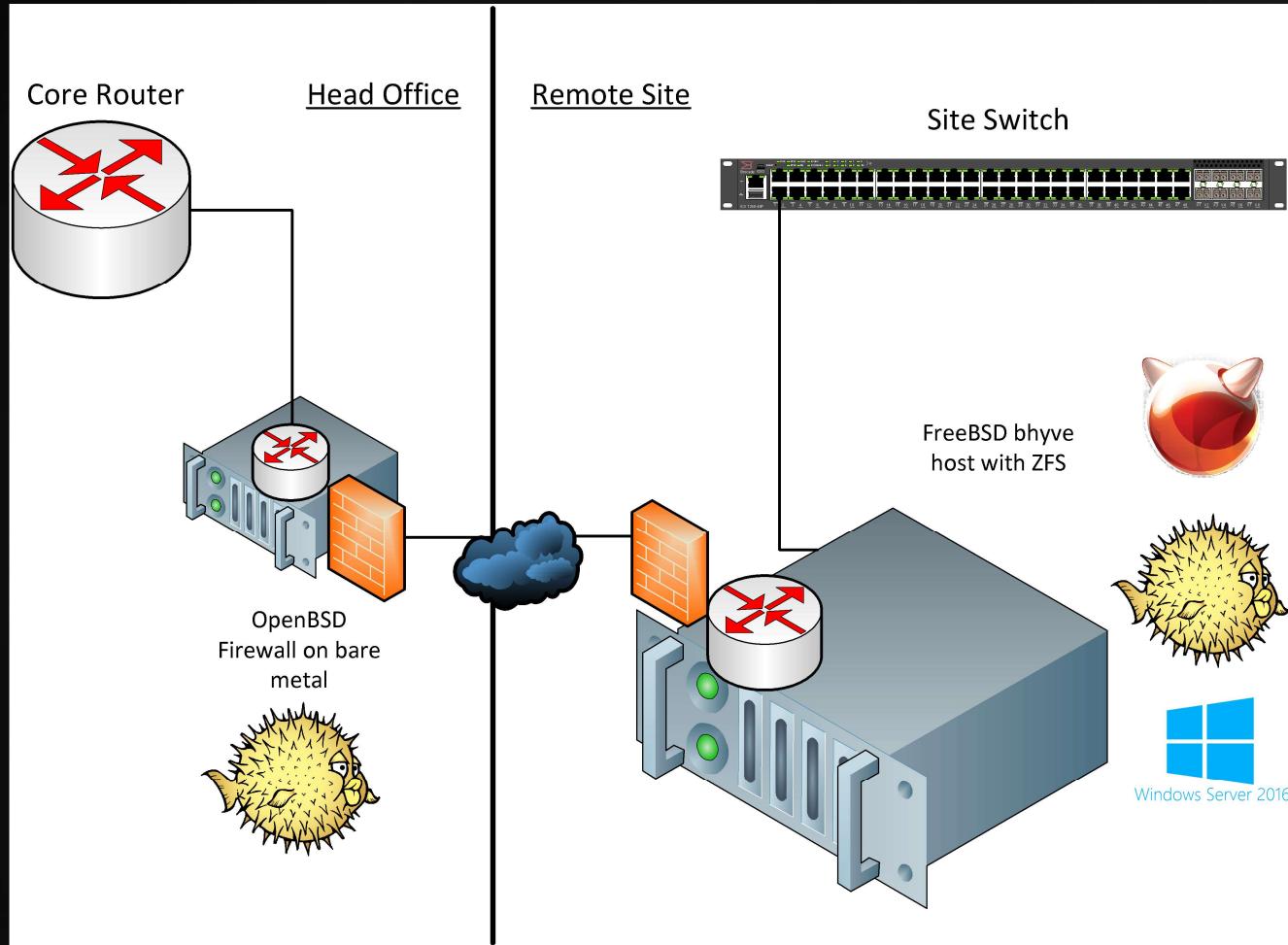


Project Point.5 – cont.

- Appliance to use as a remote site endpoint
- Router and site server
- Running FreeBSD 11.0 as host
- ZFS, bhyve with UEFI + other packages
- Chyves
- OpenBSD 6.1 and Windows Server 2016 guests



Project Point.5 – cont.



Project Point.5 – cont.

- Components:
 - IKEv2 with compression
 - PF with queues
 - vxlan
 - RIPv2
 - dhcpcd
 - VLANs
 - Bridges
 - Taps



Project Point.5 – a bug – cont.

- Appeared to find a bug in ripd(8)
- Prevents the IP of the two vxlan(4) interfaces from being advertised
- Static route inserted into the core and redistributed as a workaround

```
1 # ripctl -s /var/run/ripd-rdomain1.sock sho int
2 Interface      Address          State            Linkstate        Uptime
3 vxlan20        10.19.2.1/30    ACTIVE          unknown          02w2d15h
4 vether1        10.19.1.2/28    ACTIVE          active           02w2d15h
5 vlan2          1.2.3.4/28     DOWN            active           00:00:00
6
```



Project Point.5 – cont.



Thanks

- OpenBSD Project
- FreeBSD Project
- Michael Dexter
- Peter Grehan
- Stuart Henderson
- and all those that work tirelessly on open source software



Donate

- You too can help:

- OpenBSD Foundation

<http://www.openbsdoundation.org/>

- FreeBSD Foundation

<https://www.freebsdoundation.org/>



Q & A

