Fast Reboots with kload

Russell Cattelan Kernel Engineer

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digitalelves.com

- cattelan@digitalelves.com
- http://git.digitalelves.com/?p=FreeBSD_kload.git

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How does this help?

- Avoid reseting system
 - BIOS/ POST takes along time
 - Varies from system to system
- New kernel is loaded into memory before reboot
- Modeled on Linux's kexec / kdump

Building on userboot.so

userboot.so developed for the BHyVe project

- FreeBSD Hyper Visor.
- Separates the guts of /boot/loader into a library that is usable userspace utilities
 - Forth interpreter
 - elf loader
- Reads and sets up elf images in memory.
 - Primary kernel image
 - Kernel modules i.e. if_re.ko
- Temporary main memory image
- Populates kernel parameter page (kenv)

/sbin/kload

Loads / configures / adjusts

- Reads kernel / modules sets up memory image
- Builds smap by querying existing kernel via sysctl
 - Map of system memory
- Command Line options
 - -k flag add / override kenv parameters
 - -e execute NOW skip shutdown routines
 - -r sends kill signal to all processes normal reboot
 - -h alternate / loads a kernel not installed in /<arg>/boot
- Initiates kload syscall once everything is ready to go

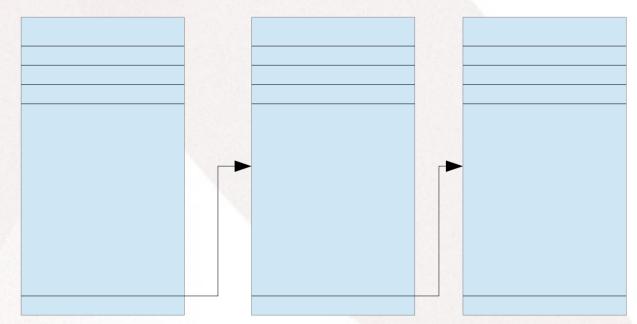
The running kernel is the loader

- userboot.so / kload does the image loading / setup but it's not in the right spot in memory.
 - First step is to allocate temporary pages in the lower 1 Gig of memory. (This is sometimes a performance issue)
 - Build a very simple scatter gather list of identity mapped pages -- physical address + KERNBASE
 - Setup simple GDT / pagetable
 - Allocate code / stack / control pages
 - Handle AP / interrupt shutdown

Scatter gather list of pages

Simple page list structure

 page_list – series of page address last address in each page being a ptr to next page list



System clean up / shutdown.

- Mostly the same as normal shutdown.
 - Hooks into shutdown chain right before last event when kernel is loaded
 - Last shutdown event is to reset cpu / power down

#define SHUTDOWN_PRI_FIRST EVENTHANDLER_PRI_FIRST #define SHUTDOWN_PRI_DEFAULT EVENTHANDLER_PRI_ANY #define SHUTDOWN_PRI_LAST EVENTHANDLER_PRI_LAST #define SHUTDOWN_PRI_KLOAD EVENTHANDLER_PRI_LAST - 100 /* hook into the shutdown/reboot path so we end up here before cpu reset */ EVENTHANDLER_REGISTER(shutdown_final, kload_shutdown_final, NULL, SHUTDOWN_PRI_KLOAD);

kload_final

- Send Inter Processor Interrupt IPI to cpu 1 X Application Processors (APs) telling them to suspend
 - Mask lapic on each cpu especially timer interrupts

This code needs to be reconciled with suspend / resume

- Not ported to i386 yet
- De-install all ioapic interrupts (system wide interrupts routed to a particular lapic)
- Mask lapic (Local Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller) on cpu 0 Board Support Processor (BSP) disable cpu interrupts
- At this point system is ready to replace kernel

Replace old kernel image

- relocate_kernel
 - Relocates itself and running stack so as to not clobber itself (long jump)
 - Turn off processor interrupts again :-)
 - Install simple GDT with a writeable code segment (CS) and writeable data segment (DS)
 - Install identity mapped page table entire address space maps to first 1 Gig of memory
 - Walk list of pages copy over the existing kernel pages starting at KERNBASE
 - Push kernel start address on to stack long jump to it

```
/* first install the new page table */
```

movq 32(%rcx), %rax /* page table */ movq 40(%rcx), %r9 /* address of control_page with new PT */ movq %rax, %cr3

movq \$(X86_CR4_PSE | X86_CR4_PAE), %rax movq %rax, %cr4

/* Do the copies */

pushq16(%r9) movq 8(%r9), %rax salq \$32, %rax pushq%rax /* physfree */ /* modulep */

pushq\$0x8 pushq48(%r9) /* /* jump to kernel entry pt */ Iretq

/* entry # kernel entry pt */

Lets try it out

Known Issues

- Drivers need to correctly shutdown the hardware
 - Realtek driver needs a reset added to re_shutdown
- kmem_alloc_attr sometimes takes a long time to return memory. Even to the point were it would probably be faster to do a normal boot
 - Memory is pre-allocated for now
- Debugging is very hard in asm code needs to be done with bochs
- Does not have a kload --unload option memory can not be released.

More gritty details

- Intel x86 emulator Bochs !!!!
 - This project would have happened without this tool as there is now way to debug things without hardware level instruction debugging / stepping
- GDT page table mirrors what /boot/loader sets up
 - These differ for amd64 and i386
 - PAE kernel not supported?
- Could do tricks with page tables to reduce the number of times the images needs to be copied

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GDT / IDT / TSS / Page Table

Global Descriptor Table

- Old way of loading multiple programs by segmenting memory. Not used by paging sytems but still need to setup a minimal GDT.
- Interrupt Descriptor Table.
- Create empty IDT table just to make sure, but interrupts should be disabled.
- Task State Segment not used during kload should already set to ring0 (full privileges)

Create identity mapped page table

Identity mapped pagetable

- Page size set to 2 meg / page tables are built using 2 meg pages
- Amd64 / PAE used level 3 page tables
 - 512 64 bit / 8byte address per 4k page for a total of 1Gig of memory per page
- I386 uses level 2
 - 1024 32 bit / 4 byte address per 4k page
- Used the same code as the loader to set up page tables as to keep things as simple as possible

Page table code

Map all of the address space to the first 1GB

for (i = 0; i < 512; i++) { /* Each slot of the level 4 pages points to the same level 3 page */ PT4[i] = (pt_entry_t)(vtophys(PT3)); PT4[i] |= PG_V | PG_RW | PG_U;

/* Each slot of the level 3 pages points to the same level 2 page */
PT3[i] = (pt_entry_t)(vtophys(PT2));
PT3[i] |= PG_V | PG_RW | PG_U;

/* The level 2 page slots are mapped with 2MB pages for 1GB. */ PT2[i] = i * (2 * 1024 * 1024); PT2[i] |= PG_V | PG_RW | PG_PS | PG_U; a/sys/amd64/amd64/intr machdep.c a/sys/amd64/amd64/kload.c a/sys/amd64/amd64/kload exec.S a/sys/amd64/amd64/machdep.c a/sys/amd64/amd64/mp machdep.c a/sys/amd64/conf/KLOAD a/sys/amd64/conf/KLOAD-CAMDEBUG a/sys/amd64/include/apicvar.h a/sys/amd64/include/intr machdep.h a/sys/boot/Makefile a/sys/boot/common/Makefile.inc a/sys/boot/common/load elf.c a/svs/boot/ficl/Makefile a/sys/boot/i386/libi386/amd64_tramp.S a/sys/boot/userboot/Makefile a/sys/boot/userboot/ficl/Makefile a/sys/boot/userboot/test/Makefile a/sys/boot/userboot/userboot.h a/svs/boot/userboot/userboot/Makefile a/sys/boot/userboot/userboot/bootinfo64.c a/sys/boot/userboot/userboot/conf.c a/sys/boot/userboot/userboot/main.c a/sys/boot/userboot/userboot/userboot cons.c a/svs/conf/files a/sys/conf/files.amd64 a/sys/conf/kern.pre.mk a/sys/conf/options a/sys/dev/re/if re.c a/sys/i386/i386/kload.c a/sys/i386/i386/kload exec.S a/sys/kern/init sysent.c a/sys/kern/kern kload.c a/sys/kern/kern module.c a/sys/kern/syscalls.c a/sys/kern/syscalls.master a/sys/kern/systrace args.c a/sys/sys/eventhandler.h a/sys/sys/kload.h a/sys/sys/reboot.h a/sys/sys/syscall.h a/sys/sys/syscall.mk a/sys/sys/sysproto.h a/sys/x86/x86/local apic.c a/sys/x86/x86/nexus.c a/usr.sbin/kload/Makefile a/usr.sbin/kload/kload.c

- From osdevwiki.org each must follow this format
- http://wiki.osdev.org/GDT
 - Very hard to just decode

31 16						15 0			0
Base 0:15						Limit 0:15			
63	56	55	52	51	48	47	40	39	32
Base	Base 24:31		gs	Limit 16:19		Acce	ss Byte	Base 16:23	

void

setup_freebsd_gdt(uint64_t *gdtr)

gdtr[GUEST_NULL_SEL] = 0x000000000000000; gdtr[GUEST_CODE_SEL] = 0x002098000000000; gdtr[GUEST_DATA_SEL] = 0x000092000000000;

References

- http://wiki.freebsd.org/BHyVe
- http://wiki.osdev.org
- http://bochs.sourceforge.net
- http://bhyve.org