http://people.freebsd.org/~sbruno/B SDCan_TMODE_Preso.pdf

Implementation of TARGET_MODE applications

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How we used TARGET_MODE in the kernel to create an interesting product

Kernel Hacking Track



What Is Target Mode?

- Basic interpretation
 - Turns a BSD box into an external HD via kernel compiler options.
 - Initiator
 - An HBA in hardware or software that accesses resources across a bus.
 - Target
 - A resource on a bus that is accessed by an initiator.
 - Bus
 - SCSI, FireWire, TCP/IP(for iSCSI), ATA over Ethernet,
 - Fibre Channel, Fibre Channel over Ethernet
 - The media used in Initiator-Target communication

Example Targets In Use

- MiraLink Product Lines (Shameless Plug)
 - Acts like a hard drive
 - Intercepts blocks and buffers them
 - Copies blocks to duplicate unit
 - Completely Agentless
 - Use your own hard disk
 - Fiber Channel volume "import"
 - Easy to use and "abuse"
 - More on this later

Example Targets In Use

- Mac Book FireWire Target Mode
 - On Power up, hold the letter 'T' until FireWire logo appears
 - Now it's a read-only FireWire drive enclosure
 - You can access the DVD drive across FireWire
- Linux iSCSI Target
 - Software server
 - Supports multiple targets
 - Support multiple accesses

How Do I Do That?

- Requires some kernel tweaks
 - Targ(4)
 - driver specific kernel options
 - AIO(4) support for scsi_target example code
- Requires something to be used as a target
 - You still need a disk or file to use as your target device to be presented on the bus
- Appropriate BUS interface board.
- Protocol specifications for your BUS
 - e.g. SBP-2, SAM-2

Is That All?

- A good mentor, I've had several awesome ones:
 - Justin Gibbs, Scott Long, Hidetoshi Simokawa
 - freebsd-scsi@, freebsd-firewire@ mailing lists
 - freebsd-hackers@ if you are feeling dangerous.
- Don't Panic.
 - Your machine will do it for you.

How does that work again?

- Kernel Configuration
 - TARG(4): The Interface to CAM
 - You'll need to enable.
 - It's where the "magic" happens.
 - Provides a fake device to attach or open
 - e.g. /dev/targ0
 - Gives your application access to "raw" data
 - Application must implement target protocol
 - e.g. SAM-2, SBP-2, SAS
 - Link Layer protocols are handled by card/driver
 - FireWire board and FireWire driver handle the data
 - You must do something compliant with SBP-2
 - Read the man page, it's got good stuff!

How does that work again? (cont)

- Kernel Configuration
 - TARGBH(4): Black Hole
 - Allows non-existent targets to be NACKED
 - Makes the target play nice on the BUS
 - Provides a fake device to attach or open
 - e.g. /dev/targbh0
 - AIO(4)
 - Required kernel option by scsi_target
 - May be ok to leave out, but I sure haven't tested without it. You mileage may vary.

How does that work again? (cont)

- Kernel Configuration
 - Choose your target interface
 - aic7xxx U160 SCSI
 - qla2342 2G Fibre Channel
 - qla1040 or other Qlogic SCSI boards
 - Random FireWire Adapter
 - Each driver has it's own target mode flags
 - Or is a separate driver on it's own, e.g. sbp_targ

Drivers, Drivers, Drivers

- ahc(4)
 - Options AHC_TMODE_ENABLE XXX
 - 0xNN is a bitmask of the the units you want to activate
 - 0x25 enables unit 0, 2 and 5 for target mode.
 - 0x8a enables units 1, 3 and 7 for target mode.
 - Go ahead, convert it to binary, I'll wait.
 - Once enabled, different firmware is loaded
 - SCSI card behaves differently

- isp(4)
 - Options ISP_TARGET_MODE
 - No magic bitmask here
 - Once enabled, different firmware is loaded
 - 2G and old school gla1040 SCSI cards supported
 - Probably intermediate chipsets are supported as well
 - No. I am not holding some magic 4/8G code that works
 - Qlogic changed interface for 4/8G chipsets

- Isp(4) ... cont
 - Qlogic changed interface for 4/8G chip sets
 - Overall, this is a good thing
 - More control for targets and initiators in the host operating system

- FireWire(4)
 - FireWire has a lot of parts
 - sbp(4) is the initiator, this should be disabled
 - sbp_targ(4) is the target, this should be enabled
 - All other normal firewire drivers should be enabled
 - firewire, fwohci etc.
 - Sbp(4) and sbp_targ(4) might work together. Untested
 - 200/400/800 should work fine in -CURRENT

- Stuff I'm Ignoring
 - Target code exists in MPT(4)
 - NetBSD software iSCSI Target
 - Proprietary targets
 - Embedded USB Device Controllers
- We can talk later about these items.

What Could Possibly Go Wrong?

- Serial Console
 - You'll need it. I promise.
- Get friendly with the debugger
 - You'll be meeting it very frequently
- Be patient
 - You'll be rebooting a lot
- My FireWire Kernel Configuration
 - Http:///

share/examples/scsi_target

- Userland code
 - Great example of how to get started
 - Instructions right in the man page.
 - Create a dummy file with dd if=/dev/zero
 - Compile scsi_target
 - Run it as root
 - ./scsi_target 0:0:0 /var/tmp/myfile
 - Now, connect to a new machine.
 - If all went well here, I can stop sweating.

SBP-2 and SAM-2

- SBP-2 is a SAM-2 like protocol
 - Not a fully featured as SAM-2
 - Really, only for storage devices
 - Close enough and the protocol is freely available
 - Unlike the rest of the IEEE FireWire protocols
- SAM-2
 - Big protocol specification
 - More Features and interfaces supported
 - Draft standards are available on the T10 committee web site (ANSI)

It's just an external hard drive

- Seriously, that's all we've done here.
- More code coming down the pipe
 - Enhancements to scsi_target
 - Overhaul of sbp_targ is imminent
 - Enhancements to sys/cam/scsi_target
- Once you have access to the data
 - Interesting ideas come to you
 - e.g. block level snap shots, backups completed by the drive instead of the host

Future Development

- Multiple LUN Support
 - Single interface to multiple targets
- Multiple simultaneous target support
 - Fibre Channel and FireWire target at the same time
- Simultaneous SBP and SBP_TARG use
- iSCSI Software Target
- USB Mass Storage Hardware Target
 - Needs USB Device Controller Support

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- Dan Langille and the BSDCan folks!
- Matt Jacobs, ISP
- FreeBSD Foundation

Questions?

 Keep 'em simple, I'm not as smart as I am pretty.

